

## MATHEMATICS TERMINOLOGY LIST

Terminology	Definition
<b>2-dimensional shapes</b>	Flat shapes that have length and width, like circles, squares, and triangles.
<b>3-dimensional objects</b>	Solid objects that have length, width, and height, like cubes, spheres, and cylinders.
<b>Addition</b>	The process of adding numbers together.
<b>Algebra</b>	A part of math that uses letters and symbols to represent numbers.
<b>Analogue</b>	A type of clock that has hands to show time.
<b>Array Diagram</b>	A drawing that shows an array using dots or objects.
<b>Ascending order</b>	Arranging numbers from smallest to largest.
<b>Before/After</b>	Words used to describe the position of something in a sequence.
<b>Bigger</b>	Larger than another object.
<b>Bottom</b>	The lowest part of something.
<b>Calculate</b>	To work out the answer to a math problem.
<b>Calendar</b>	A chart that shows days, weeks, and months.
<b>Capacity</b>	The amount a container can hold.
<b>Charts</b>	Diagrams or tables that organize information.
<b>Clock</b>	A tool used to tell time.
<b>Compare</b>	To look at two things to see how they are different or the same.
<b>Concept</b>	An idea or understanding of something.
<b>Concrete (hands-on learning)</b>	Learning using real objects.
<b>Count</b>	To say numbers in order.
<b>Data handling</b>	Organizing and understanding information.
<b>Decompose</b>	To break a number into smaller parts.
<b>Denominator</b>	The bottom number in a fraction.
<b>Difference</b>	The result of subtraction.
<b>Divide</b>	To split into equal parts.
<b>Even number</b>	A number that can be divided by 2.
<b>Face</b>	A flat surface on a 3D object.
<b>Fraction</b>	A part of a whole.
<b>Graphs</b>	A picture that shows data.

<b>Greater than</b>	A symbol used when a number is bigger than another.
<b>Group</b>	A collection of things put together.
<b>Grouping &amp; sharing</b>	Methods used to introduce division concepts.
<b>Half</b>	One half of a whole.
<b>Length</b>	The measurement of how long something is.
<b>Less than</b>	A symbol used when a number is smaller than another.
<b>Measurement</b>	A number that shows the size or amount of something.
<b>Mental Maths</b>	Quick mental calculations done in your head.
<b>Money</b>	Notes and coins used to buy things.
<b>Multiplication</b>	The process of multiplying numbers.
<b>Number bonds</b>	Pairs of numbers that add up to a given number.
<b>Number line</b>	A straight line with numbers in order.
<b>Numerator</b>	The top number in a fraction.
<b>O'clock</b>	A way to tell time, showing full hours.
<b>Odd number</b>	A number that cannot be divided by 2.
<b>Ordinal numbers</b>	Numbers that show position in a sequence.
<b>Pictograph</b>	A chart that uses pictures to show data.
<b>Place value</b>	The value of each digit based on its position in a number.
<b>Problem</b>	A situation that needs to be solved.
<b>Rounding</b>	Finding the closest number based on rules.
<b>Sequence</b>	A specific order of numbers or events.
<b>Share</b>	To divide something into equal parts.
<b>Subtract</b>	To take away a number from another.
<b>Sum</b>	The result of adding numbers, amounts, or items together.
<b>Symmetrical</b>	A shape made up of exactly similar parts facing each other or around an axis.
<b>Ten-frames</b>	A tool to show groups of ten in numbers.
<b>Time</b>	A way to measure moments in a day.
<b>Volume</b>	The amount of space something takes up.